Senin, 25 April 2022 Bisnis Indonesia



KP

KEMENTERIAN PERDAGANGAN REPUBLIK INCONESIA Komite Pengamanan Perdagangan Indonesia Jalan M.I Ridwan Rais No.5 Jakarta 10110 Telp. 021-3857758

# PENGUMUMAN KOMITE PENGAMANAN PERDAGANGAN INDONESIA NOMOR 03/KPPI/PENG/04/2022

# TENTANG

# DIMULAINYA PENYELIDIKAN PERPANJANGAN TINDAKAN PENGAMANAN PERDAGANGAN *(SAFEGUARD MEASURES)* ATAS LONJAKAN JUMLAH IMPOR PRODUK BENANG (SELAIN BENANG JAHIT) DARI SERAT STAPLE SINTETIK DAN ARTIFISIAL

Bersama ini diberitahukan bahwa Komite Pengamanan Perdagangan Indonesia (KPPI) melakukan penyelidikan perpanjangan Tindakan Pengamanan Perdagangan atas lonjakan jumlah impor produk benang (selain benang jahit) dari serat stapel sintetik dan artifisial. Penyelidikan tersebut dilakukan atas permohonan secara resmi dari Asosiasi Pertekstilan Indonesia (API) mewakili produsen produk benang yang diajukan kepada KPPI pada tanggal 18 April 2022. Pemohon meminta agar KPPI melakukan penyelidikan perpanjangan untuk pengenaan Tindakan Pengamanan Perdagangan (*Safeguard Measures*) atas lonjakan jumlah impor produk Benang (Selain Benang Jahit) dari Serat Staple Sintetik dan Artifisial yang mencakup sebanyak 6 (enam) nomor Harmonized System (HS) 8 digit, yaitu: 5509.22.00, 5509.32.00, 5509.51.00, 5509.53.00, 5510.12.00, dan 5510.90.00. Uraian dan nomor HS tersebut sesuai dengan Buku Tarif Kepabeanan Indonesia (BTKI) tahun 2017. Alasan pemohon meminta perlindungan adalah masih mengalami Kerugian Serius atau Ancaman Kerugian Serius, terjadinya lonjakan jumlah impor produk benang (selain benang jahit) dari serat stapel sintetik dan artifisial serta masih perlunya tambahan waktu untuk menyelesaikan program penyesuaian struktural yang telah dijanjikan sebelumnya secara optimal.

Setelah dilakukan penelitian atas permohonan dimaksud, KPPI memperoleh bukti awal yang mengindikasikan adanya lonjakan jumlah impor produk Benang dan masih terjadinya Kerugian Serius atau Ancaman Kerugian Serius yang dialami oleh Pemohon.

Sehubungan dengan hal tersebut dan berdasarkan Peraturan Pemerintah Republik Indonesia Nomor 34 Tahun 2011 tentang Tindakan Antidumping, Tindakan Imbalan dan Tindakan Pengamanan Perdagangan, maka KPPI menetapkan dimulainya penyelidikan perpanjangan pengenaan Tindakan Pengamanan Perdagangan (safeguard measures) atas lonjakan jumlah impor produk benang (selain benang jahit) dari serat stapel sintetik dan artifisial sejak tanggal Pengumuman ini.

Pihak-pihak yang memiliki kepentingan terhadap penyelidikan ini, diberikan kesempatan untuk mendaftarkan diri sebagai *Interested Parties* paling lambat 15 (lima belas) hari sejak tanggal pengumuman ini dan menyampaikannya kepada:

KOMITE PENGAMANAN PERDAGANGAN INDONESIA KEMENTERIAN PERDAGANGAN JL. M.I. Ridwan Rais No. 5, Gedung I-Lantai 5, Jakarta 10110 Telp/Fax: (021) 3857758 E-mail: kppi@kemendag.go.id

Jakarta, 25 April 2022

Ketua TTD

Mardjoko

# PRELIMINARY EVIDENCE OF RESEARCH APPLICATION IN FRAMEWORK EXTENSION OF SAFETY MEASURES TRADE ON THE IMPORT OF GOODS

# YARN (Other than SEWING THREAD) OF SYNTHETIC STAPLE FIBER AND ARTIFICIAL

# WITH HARMONIZED SYSTEM (HS) NUMBER BASED ON INDONESIAN CUSTOMS RATE BOOK 2017: 5509.22.00, 5509.32.00, 5509.51.00, 5509.53.00, 5510.12.00, and 5510.90.00

# NOT SECRET

DELIVERED BY INDONESIA TEXTILE ASSOCIATION YEAR 2022

## A. GENERAL

Due to the end of the implementation of the Trade Safeguard Measures (Safeguard Measures) based on the Regulation of the Minister of Finance (PMK) No. 56 years old 2020 concerning the imposition of Safeguard Measures Import Duty (BMTP) on imports yarn products (other than sewing thread) of synthetic and artificial staple fibres, and considering that there are still many similar imported products that have an impact to delays in the recovery of serious losses and affects the optimal implementation of structural adjustments in an effort to increase competitiveness with similar imported products. In this case, the Indonesian Textile Association or abbreviated as API hereinafter referred to as the Applicant, representing 8 (eight) API member companies as Industries Domestic yarn producer (IDN), namely PT Kewalram Indonesia, PT. Core Apac Corpora, PT. Dhanar Mas Concern, PT. Gokak Indonesia, PT. Hasasi International, PT. Dan Liris, PT. Insan Clothing (Yarn), and PT. Adetex hereby file Research application for Trade Safeguard Measures to the Indonesian Trade Security Committee (KPPI) so that it can be implemented extension of the imposition of Trade Security Measures in the form of BMTP against imports of yarn (other than sewing thread) from synthetic and artificial staple fibers. To support the application that we submitted, complete preliminary evidence has been compiled application and supported by the required documents in accordance the provisions of Government Regulation Number 34 of 2011 concerning Antidumping Measures, Countermeasures, Trade Safeguard Measures and Ministerial Decrees Industry and Trade of the Republic of Indonesia Number 85 of 2003 concerning governance procedures and requirements for the application for an investigation on the security of the Domestic Industry (IDN) from the impact of the surge in imports.

#### **B. APPLICANT**

Name	: Indonesian Textile Association (API) representing 8 (eight) API member companies as IDN namely PT Kewalram Indonesia, PT. Apac Inti Corpora, PT. Dhanar Mas Concern, PT. Gokak Indonesia, PT. Hasasi International, PT. Dan Liris, PT. Insan Clothing (Yarn), and PT. Adetex
Address	: Graha Surveyor Indonesia Lt. 16 Jl. Gatot Subroto Kav. 56, South Jakarta
Telp./Faks.	: 021-5272171 / 5272166
<i>E-mail</i> Website	: sekretariat@bpnapi.org
Contact Person Department	: Jemmy Kartiwa Sastraatmadja : General Manager of API

**NOT SECRET Page 2** 

The list of nam	es and addresses of IDNs represented by the Applicant in this application are
as follows:	
1. Name	: PT Kewalram Indonesia
Address	: Jalan Raya Rancaekek KM 25 Regency. Sumedang, Bandung 40010, Indonesia.
Email	: sales@kewalram.co.id
Telp/Fax :	(022) 7795012
2. Name	: PT. Apac Inti Bodies
Address	: Jl. Soekarno Hatta Km. 32, Harjosari Bawen Village, Semarang, 50661
	Central Java
Email	: leni <u>.sugianto@apacinti.com</u>
Telp/Fax :	0298-522888 / 0298-522297
3. Name	: PT. Dhanar Mas Concern
Address	Jl. Cisirung No. KM 6.8, Pasawahan, Kec. Dayeuhkolot, District
	Bandung, West Java 40256
Email	: yarnmkt@dmctex.co.id
Telp/Fax :	(022) 5202978 / (022) 520 2868
4. Name	: PT. Indonesian Gokak
Address	Jl. Kp. Muhara No.1, Citeureup, Kec. Citeureup, Bogor Regency, West Java 16810
Email	: www.gokakindonesia.com
Telp/Fax :	(021) 8752686
5. Name	: PT. Hasasi International
Address	: JL Sukahaji, No.3, Bandung, West Java, 40152, Indonesia
Email	: sales@hasasi.com
Telp/Fax :	(022) 200 8333
6. Name	: PT. Dan Lyrical
Address	Jl. Merapi No. 23, Banaran, Grogol, Sukoharjo, Central Java 57552
Email	: info@danliris.com
Telp/Fax :	(0271) 740888 / (0271) 714400

7. Name	: PT. Insan Sandang (Yarn)
Address	JI. Rancaekek No. KM 22, RW. 5, Cinta Mulya, Kec. Jatinangor,
	Sumedang Regency, West Java 45363
Email	: buanamakmur@gmail.com
Telp/Fax : (	022) 7798343 / (022) 6906018
8. Name	: PT. Adetex
Address	JI. Raya Banjaran No.590, Batukarut, Arjasari, Bandung, Jawa
	West 40377
Email	: headoffice@adetex.co.id
Telp/Fax : (	022) 5941851 / (022) 5940156

#### C. PROPORTION OF PRODUCTION OF THE APPLICANT

Description	Proportion (%)
1. PT Kewalram Indonesia 2. PT	17,31
Apac Inti Corpora 3. PT Dhanar	10,96
Mas Concern 4. PT Gokak	6,19
Indonesia 5. PT Hasasi International	6,15
6. PT Dan Liris 7. PT Insan	5,46
Sandang (Yarn)	2,87
	1,93
8. PT Adetex	1,13
Production Applicants	51,99
Production Non-Applicants	48,01
for National Production	100,00

#### Table 1. Total Production and Proportion of Production in 2021

Source: Data of Association members and Applicants

The total production of the Applicant in 2021 is **51.99%** of the total national production. This is in accordance with the provisions of Government Regulation (PP) 34 of 2011 concerning Anti-Dumping Measures, Subsidy Measures, and Security Measures

Trading Chapter I Article 1 paragraph 18, where the Petitioner's production is a proportion which is greater than the total production of the goods in question so that it meets the requirements as IDN in terms of Security Measures.

#### D. GOODS APPLICATION FOR AN EXTENSION INVESTIGATION

#### 1. Item Description

The goods submitted for the application for extension investigation are **yarn (other than sewing thread) of synthetic and artificial staple fiber** based on the 2017 Indonesian Customs Tariff Book (BTKI) with tariff post numbers HS 5509.22.00, 5509.32.00, 5509.51.00, 5509.53.00, 5510.12.00, and 5510.90.00.

# 2. Item Characteristics:

- a. The diameter of the Investigated Item is larger than that of the thread filament.
- b. The surface of the yarn is hairy, uneven, and feels rough when held.
- c. The number of fibers per cross section varies.
- d. Yarn construction type: single yarn, two yarns single thread doubled in fold, and thread consisting of two threads single or more wires (twist).
- e. Often arise decomposed (pilling).
- f. Color: various colors and greige.

# Figure 1. Yarn (Other Than Sewing Thread) Of Synthetic Staple Fibers and Artificial Ready for Advanced Processing in the Weaving Industry

APLE YARN



Source: Applicant

## 3. Use of Goods:

Uses of yarn (other than sewing thread) of synthetic staple fiber and artificially is as a raw material for the manufacture of fabrics in industry weaving. Weaving will change the yarn from the spinning process or spinning into raw cloth or greige.

## 4. Raw Material:

The raw materials used by the Applicant to produce yarn are synthetic and artificial fibers which are divided into 2, namely colorless and finished staining is done. Artificial fiber is viscos/rayon, while fiber synthetic, namely polyester, acrylic/modacrylic, and so on.

## 5. Standardization:

Standards used by the Applicant for production and technical testing yarn refers to international standards, namely OEKO-TEX, and ISO 9001:2015.

# 6. Statement of Similar Goods or Directly Competing Goods

Article 1 point 10, PP No. 34 of 2011 states that similar goods are: domestically produced goods that are identical or similar in all respects to imported goods or goods that have characteristics similar to the goods imported.

Imported Goods are Similar Goods or Directly Competing Goods with the production goods produced by the Applicant, due to the similarities of physical characteristics, uses, and raw materials.

#### E. INFORMATION OF SURPRISE IN THE NUMBER OF IMPORTED GOODS

#### 1. Import Quantity

#### Table 2: Total and Relative Imports of Goods

	Unit	Year			
Description	Unit	2019	2020	2021	
Import Amount	Ton	14.211	6.675	11.651	
Change	%		(53,03)	74,56	
import train	%			(9,45)	
National Production	Index	100	87,03	88,84	
Relative Import	Index	100	53,97	92,29	
Change	%		(46,03)	71,01	
Relative Import Trend	%			(3,93)	

Source: BPS, Data of Association Members and Applicants

From table 2 above, the number of imports from 2020 to 2021 experienced

an absolute increase of 74.56% and a relative increase of 71.01%,

although in a trend it decreased by 9.45% and 3.93% during

period 2019-2021.

#### 2. Import Share

Table 3:	Import	Share
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No	Country of origin Impor *)	2019		2020		2021		
Sort				<sup>e</sup> (Tons)	Share Volume <sub>(Tons)</sub>		Volume	Share (%)
Oon			(%)		(%)	(Ton)		
1 Re	public of China 2	9.236 64	,99 1.538	4.205 63	,00 1.308	7.975	68,45	
Vietr	am 3 Thailand 4 India	10,82 29	12,045,36822	19,59 22	5 3,367,84658	1.724	14,80	
5 Oth	her Countries World	2.524	17,76	479 7,	18 6.6 <b>75</b> 0	1.196	10,26	
Sour	ce: BPS Data	14.21	1 100			483	4,14	
						273	2,35	
						11.651	100	

As shown in table 3 above, the People's Republic of China dominates the Indonesian market in 2021 with an import market share of 68.45%, followed by other countries, namely Vietnam with an import market share of

14.80%, Thailand with an import market share of 10.26%, India with an import market share of 4.14%, and other countries with an import market share

by 2.35%.

## F. APPLICANT DAMAGE INFORMATION

No	Description	Unit	2019	2020	2021	TREND 19-20
1 F	roduction	Index	100,00	81,80	85,07	(7.70)
		Change (%)		(18,20)	4,00	(7,76)
2	Domestic Sales	Index	100,00	76,18	81,00	(10.00)
		Change (%)	2	(23,82)	6,33	(10,00)
3 F	roductivity	Index	100,00	90,94	93,07	(0.50)
		Change (%)		(9,06)	2,34	(3,53)
4 (	Capacity Used	Index	100,00	78,89	81,81	(0.55)
		Change (%)		(21,11)	3,70	(9,55)
5	Gains/(Disadvantages)	Index	(100,00)	(147,48)	(237,96)	54,26
		Change (%)		47,48	61,35	
6	Manpower	Index	100,00	89,95	91,40	(1.00)
		Change (%)		(10,05)	1,61	(4,39)
7 F	inal Preparation	Index	100,00	138,01	141,56	18.09
Ċ		Change (%)	2	38,01	2,58	18,98

#### Table 4: Performance Data Indicators

Source: Applicant

The following is an explanation of the company's performance indicators:

#### 1. Production

During the 2019-2021 period, production decreased with a trend of 7.76%. The largest

production decline occurred in 2019-2020 of 18.2%.

Furthermore, in 2020-2021 production experienced a slight increase of 4%.

#### 2. Domestic Sales

During the 2019-2021 period, domestic sales decreased with a trend of 10%. The biggest decline in domestic sales occurred in 2019-2020

by 23.82% . Furthermore, in 2020-2021 domestic sales have experienced

a slight increase of 6.33%.

#### 3. Productivity

During the 2019-2021 period, productivity decreased with a trend of

3.53%. The biggest decline in productivity occurred in 2019-2020 of 9.06%.

Furthermore, in 2020-2021 productivity will experience a slight increase

by 2.34%.

## 4. KapasitasTerpakai

During the 2019-2021 period, used capacity decreased with a trend

by 9.55%. The largest decline in used capacity occurred in 2019-2020

by 21.11%. Furthermore, in 2020-2021 the capacity used will experience a slight increase of 3.70%.

## 5. Gain/(Loss)

During the 2019-2021 period, the domestic industry experienced an increase in losses with a trend of 54.26%. The biggest losses occur in 2020-2021 with a change of 61.35% from 147.48 index points to 237.96 index points.

## 6. Manpower

During the 2019-2021 period, the number of workers decreased with a trend by 4.39%. The largest workforce decline occurred in 2019-2020 by 10.05%. Furthermore, in 2020-2021 the workforce will experience a little

an increase of 1.61%.

## 7. Final Preparation

During the period 2019-2021, ending inventory has increased with a trend by 18.98%. The largest increase in ending inventory occurred in 2019-2020 by 38.01%. Furthermore, in 2020-2021 the ending inventory continues increased by 2.58%.

## **G. MARKET SHARE**

No.	Indicator	Unit 201	9 2020 202	21		Train (%)
						19-21
1 N	ational Consumption	Index 10	0.00 76.24	82.40		(9,22)
2 A	pplicant Domestic Sales Index 100.0	0 76.18 8	1.00 100.0	0 80.82 84	4.06	(10,00)
3	Non . Domestic Sales Applicant	Index				(8,31)
Imp	orts Index 100.00 99.91 98.29 5 Ma	rket®haile	4071Ap6167	£ntls166k¶ar	ket <b>ost</b> lare	(9,45)
106	.01 102.01 Index 100.00 61.61 99.5	09f Niankê	<b>PBHGAB</b> tAn	pdaxslaad	<del>)</del>	(0,86)
Ind	onesian Textile Association, BPS an	d IDN				1,00
						(0,25)

## **Table 5: Domestic Market Conditions**

As shown in table 5 above, during the period 2019-2021 market share

Applicants in 2020-2021 experienced a decrease from 99.91 index points to

98.29 index points and the market share of Non-Applicants in the same year also experienced

decreased from 106.01 index points to 102.01 index points. On the other hand, the share of imports

in 2020-2021 has increased from 61.61 index points to 99.50 points

index.

Meanwhile, when the share of imports experienced an increase in national consumption as well increased from 76.24 index points in 2020 to 82.40 points index in 2021.

#### H. STRUCTURAL ADJUSTMENT

Since the enactment of the BMTP based on the Regulation of the Minister of Finance Number 56 Years 2020 concerning the imposition of BMTP on imports of yarn products (other than sewing thread) from synthetic and artificial staple fiber, the Applicant has made some adjustments structurally in accordance with the commitments in the program plan contained in the report final results of the investigation into the imposition of BMTP on imports of yarn goods (other than yarn) sewing) of synthetic and artificial staple fiber, the implementation status can be illustrated in the following table:

No	Action plan	Action plan Action Stage		Not yet Realized (%)
	Improving the production technology	Buying a new machine	48	52
1	system by purchasing the most advanced models and replacing old machines with newer machines for more efficient	Installation and trial stage of new machines	75	25
	production	New machine started operation	34,5	65,5
		Buy a dyeing machine	37	63
2	Doing product innovation, adding color yarn product variants	Installation and trial stage of new machines	71	29
		The new machine started operation.	43	57
	HR development by providing training	Conducted 3 times new machine operation training by bringing in trainers from abroad	50	50
3	in order to improve the skills and performance of the workforce	Conducted 3 times machine repair training by bringing in trainers from abroad	50	50
		Conducted 3 times marketing training for increase sales.	62,5	37,5
	Installment-installment		52,33	47,67

#### Table 6: Realization of Implementation of Structural Adjustments

Source: Applicant

The percentage value of implementation can be described as follows:

- Improve the production technology system by purchasing the most advanced models as well as replacing old machines with newer machines for more production efficient:
  - a. Buying a new machine

The purchase of new machines was made to increase the efficiency of yarn production. However, the realization target has not been achieved because the machine has not been installed and is still being used in the process of delivery.

b. Installation and trial stage of new machines

The new machines that have arrived and have been installed have been tried for production. Some of the machines that have arrived have not been installed yet so they cannot be used to run production.

c. New machine started operation

The new machine that has been installed is ready to start production. However, not all new machines are installed.

- 2. Conduct product innovation by adding color yarn product variants:
- a. Buy a dyeing machine

For the purchase of a new dyeing machine, 37% was realized and 63% still remained. which has not been realized due to the unrecovered local market and freight prices which is unstable and tends to be high makes it difficult to buy a machine this immersion.

b. Installation and trial stage of new machines

For installation and testing of new machines it has reached 71% and only 29% more to be fully realized due to unfavorable conditions make it possible for technicians from abroad to visit Indonesia to install in 2020-2021.

c. New machine started operation

The new machine started operating only reached 43% of the 100% target due to market conditions have not recovered so the new machines cannot run because for efficiency the machine will run when there is a request.

3. Human resource development by providing training in order to improve workforce skills and performance:

a. Conducted 3 times new machine operation training by bringing trainers from abroad

The company has conducted training on the operation of the new machine by bring in trainers from abroad and work with companies abroad country and 50% of it has been realized this is hampered by conditions due to activities this can only be done in 2021 due to the power restriction policy foreign work imported from abroad.

b. Conducted 3 times machine repair training by bringing in trainers from abroad.

For machine repair training by bringing in technicians and trainers from outside the country also realized 50% of the 100% target due to conditions in 2020 where governments around the world restrict foreign and new visits partially realized in 2021.

c. Conducted 3 times marketing training to increase sales

For marketing training on increasing sales, it has reached 62.5% of the target 100%. The company has carried out this training activity regularly through several company programs to increase sales.

Based on the foregoing, the Applicant has carried out the program commitments structural adjustment but there are obstacles so that there are things that have not been optimal to be carried out by the Applicant. Because there are still many imported goods threads (other than sewing thread) of synthetic and artificial staple fibers still provide influence on the non-optimal implementation of the structural Adjustment program that be the cause of delay in the recovery of the Petitioner's losses.

# I. APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF RESEARCH IMPLEMENTATION OF ACTION TRADE SECURITY

In connection with the non-recovery of serious losses or threats of serious losses suffered by the Petitioners from 2019-2021 as described in table 4 (performance indicators) and the structural adjustments as described in table 6 have not yet been completed, the Petitioners request the Government of the Republic of Indonesia

to extend the imposition of BMTP on the import of yarn goods (other than sewing thread) from synthetic and artificial staple fibers.

## J. WILLING TO COOPERATE

The applicant is willing to fully cooperate in the related investigation process with a request for an extension of the imposition of Trade Safeguard Measures, which will be carried out by KPPI.

Jakarta, 18 April 2022 SIA TEXTILE ASSOCIATION INDO INDONESIAN TEXTILE ASSOCIATION Jemmy Kartiwa Sastraatmadja Chairman of the Indonesian Textile Association

# APPENDIX I LIST OF IMPORTER'S NAME AND ADDRESS

- 1. DAN LYRIS, PT KEL. BANARAN (SOUTH LAWEYAN) GROGOL KEC, KAB SUKOHARJO (0271) 719412 (0271) 717178
- 2. PT. BINTANG CIPTA PERKASA JL. LEUWIDULANG NO. 24, VILLAGE SUKAMAJU, KEC. MAJALAYA, BANDUNG (022) 5951359 (022) 5951360
- PT. ACRYL TEXTILE MILLS JALAN MOHAMAD TOHA, PASAR NEW VILLAGE, KARAWACI DISTRICT, TANGERANG, BANTEN www.toray.co.id (021) 5524940 (021) 5525964
- 4. PT. INDO LIBERTY TÉXTILES, TELÚK JAMBE ROAD, TELUK JAMBE VILLAGE, TELUK JAMBE DISTRICT, KARAWANG REGENCY, WEST JAVA

www.indoliberty.com (021) 5745089 (021) 5722441 kapililt@indo.net.id

5. PT. BEHAESTEX JL. MAYJEN SUNGKONO NO. 14 SEGOROMADU, KEBOMAS, GRESIK

www.ptbehaestex.co.id (0231) 3981111

- 6. PT. KAHATEX JL. CIJERAH CIGONDEWAH GIRANG 16 RT.001/RW.032 MELONG CIMAHI SELATAN (022) 6031030 (022) 7798063
- 7. GRAND TEXTILE INDUSTRY, PT. JALAN JENDERAL AH NASUTION KM 7 NUMBER 127, RT 004 RW 001, KEL. KARANG PAMULANG, MANDALAJ DISTRICT

www.grandtex.co.id (022) 7203866

8. ADETEX, PT JALAN DAYANG SUMBI NO. 4-6 KELURAHAN LEBAK SILIWANGI, COBLONG DISTRICT, BANDUNG CITY

www.adetex.co.id (022) 2503405 (022) 2501134 headoffice@adetex.co.id

- 9. PT. TORAY INTERNATIONAL INDONESIA BUILDING SUMMITMAS II FL. 3, JL. JEND. SUDIRMAN KAV. 61-62, KEL. SENAYAN, KEC 085885276829
- 10.PT. POPULAR DAENONG INDONESIA IN BERIKAT AREA PT. GISTEX, JALAN NANJUNG NOMOR 82, KELURAHAN LAGADAR, KECAMATAN MARGAASIH, (022) 6676529

# **APPENDIX 2**

# KNOWN EXPORTER NAME

1. San Yang Textile Co., Ltd.
No.106, Liqi Rd. Lijin County, Dongying City, Shandong Province, China Tel: +86-546-5368188
2. Anhui Suzhou Runda Textile Group Co.,Ltd No.122
West Daonan Rd,Dangshan Suzhou, Anhui, China
3. AAJ International (India)
Mahalaxmi Nagar, Back to Kalode Bhawan, Nikhade Lay-Out, Sant Tukdoji Ward, , Hinganghat , Maharashtra India 442301
4. Ningbo Huadong Xufeng Textile Co., Ltd
No.1, Tashan Zone, Meiqiao Road, Ninghai, Zhejiang, China
5. Pinak Texport Pvt.Ltd.
512 Vakratunda Corporate Park Off Aarey Road
Pahadi Village, Goregaon East Mumbai - India
6. Nadeem Textile Mills Limited
Lakson Square Building # 3, Sarwar Shaheed Road, Karachi, Pakistan
7. Taekwang Industrial Co., Ltd.
162-1 Jangchung-dong 2-ga, Jung-gu, Seoul, Korea
8. Dezhou Hengfeng Group
No. 194, Sanba Road, Dezhou, Shandong, China
9. Zhejiang Yuyuan Textile Co., Ltd.
CaoYang Village, Ya Qian Town, Xiao Shan, HangZhou ZheJiang, China
10.Hangzhou Yongfang Textile Import&Export Co., Ltd
Suoqian Industrial Park, Xiaoshan, Hangzhou, Zhejiang, China.

# APPENDIX 3 IMPORTER ASSOCIATION NAME

 All-Indonesian National Importers Association (GINSI)
Wisma Kosgoro, Kav. 53, Jl. MH Thamrin, RT.9/RW.5, Gondangdia, Kec. Menteng, Central Jakarta City, Special Capital Region of Jakarta 10250, Telephone: (021) 39832510, www.ginsi-dki.com, https://ginsijateng.com/

# 2. Importir.Org, https://importir.org/

Address: Green Lake City Ruko Crown Block D No. 17, RT.004/RW.008, Petir, Cipondoh, Tangerang City, Banten 15147, Banten, Telephone: (021) 22302193.